The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 2344

MONDAY, DECEMBER 27. 1742.

...ce our laſt arrived a Mail from France.

Bruſſels, Jan. 2.

HERE are ſeveral Letters here, which poſitively affirm, that Marſhal Belliſle march'd out of Prague the 18th paſt, N. S. with 11,000 Foot and 3,000 Horſe, and took the Road towards Egra, having left a Garriſon of 6000 Men in the former Place, under the Command of the Count de Baviere.

Extract from the Paris Alamain.

Jan. 2. 'According to Advices from Baſtia 4th of laſt Month, Major Franceſchi having himſelf before the Gates of Ampugnani with ment, in order to force them to pay the Taille to the Regulation lately publiſh'd, and the not having thought proper to comply with and, he was ſo piqu'd thereat, as to order uſes and Barns to be burnt, as well with a compel them to comply, as that this might a Warning to others. But ſo far was this Execution from producing the deſired Effect, the burning theſe Houſes and Outhouſes, the the Place ran to Arms, rung the Alarm-Bell, ing up Beacons, drew their Neighbours to their ; upon which Major Franceſchi, apprehend- might be overpower'd by the Multitude, proper to retire with his Party, without be- to execute his Commiſſion, and having loſt n before the Place. M. Spinola was far from this Officer's Conduct, and did all he could the Inhabitants; but it is doubted his Promiſes little Regard paid to them, the whole Iſland the utmoſt Confuſion, and a general Rebellion ded.

from the Army of Marſhal Broglio, dated the laſt Month, inform us, that all the Troops are ; that Count de Seckendorff has eſtabliſh'd his arters with M. de Balincourt at Braunau, ex- his Forces to Tann, where the Gendarms, 15 s, two Imperial Battalions, and two Brigades had taken Poſt; that the Prince of Conti had Eggefeldt, his Corps occupying the Country Tann and Landau; it conſiſts of all the French and a Brigade of Foot who are in the Caſtle other Side the Inn; the Marſhals Broglio and is theirs at Dingelfing, occupying the Country Landau and Oſterhoffen, with ſome Brigades ; that the Brigade of Normandy is poſted in ffen and Platlingen, and that of the Count de at Deckendorff, which, with other Poſts be- d behind, are cover'd with his Corps de Re- Count de Khevenhuller remains ſtill at Oſten- with the Forces under his Command, and we ow when they will ſeparate."

Actions 2145.

HOME PORTS.

Dec. 24. Arrived the Fair Henley, Douglas, urham, Damon, both from Oporto.

Dec. 24. Wind W. S. W. His Majeſty's Ship ſailed to the Weſtward, and the Induſtry Ten- e River. Remain the Dover, Lynn, Dealcaſtle, nd, and Fox Men of War; with the Montague, and the Swift, Watts, both for Eaſt-India; en, French, for Jamaica; the Endeavour, Phil- e, for Madeira; the Henrietta, Hood, and the aſty, both for Gibraltar; the Duke of Lorrain, for Leghorn; the Mediterranean, Gardiner, freights; the Atalanta, Leigh, for Montſerrat; y Betſey, Whaley, and the Draper, Leach, both ; the Catherine, Crawthorn, for Lisbon; the , Knight, for Briſtol; the Bleſt, Fowler, for ecaſt, Batty, both for Liverpool. Arrived the d Potter, North, from Virginia; the Fly, Ri- from Falmouth; and the June, Walker, from .

Dec. 25. Wind N. by W. This Forenoon ſailed ſty's Ship Fox, with the Montague, Freeman, India, and moſt of the Outward-bound to the d. Remain in the Downs his Majeſty's Ships Lynn, Dealcaſtle, and Greyhound; alſo the Hen- Hood, for Gibraltar. Came down and ſail'd thro', ve, Rice, for Falmouth.

Leſend, Dec. 24. Paſs'd by the Richard and Mar- erden, from Newfoundland.

LONDON.

From the London Gazette.

An Account of the late Invaſion of Georgia, drawn out by Lieutenant Patrick Sutherland, of General Oglethorpe's Regiment, who lately arrived in England, and was ſent Expreſs on that Occaſion, but being taken by the Spaniards off the Lizard, was obliged to throw the ſaid Expreſs and his other Papers over-board.

THE Beginning of May laſt, the Spaniards fitted out their Fleet from the Havanna, conſiſting of 56 Sail, and between 7 or 8000 Men, with an Intention to invade Georgia and South Carolina, and the other Northern Colonies: At their firſt ſetting out, in turning the Moor Caſtle, they loſt a large Settee with 150 Men; a few Days after their Fleet was diſperſed by a Storm, ſo that all the Shipping did not arrive at Auguſtine. The latter End of May, or Beginning of June, Capt. Hamar of the Flamborough, in his Cruize to the Southward, ſent in to General Oglethorpe for Intelligence, who acquainted him, that he would probably meet with ſome Spaniſh Veſſels to the Southward of Auguſtine, which he accordingly did, and engaged 10 Sail off the Muſqueto's, and drove ſome of them aſhore, but in the Action loſt his Boat and 17 of his Men. He on his Return acquainted the General with what had happened, and could not then come in for the Defence of Georgia, but proceeded to Charles-Town to clean his Ship. The General thereupon ſent Lieutenant Maxwell by Water, and Lieutenant Hugh Mackay, over Land, to Carolina, with Advice to the Governor; but no Aſſiſtance came from thence till after the Retreat of the Spaniards. Lieut. Col. Cook was at Charles-Town, in his Way to England, when Lieut. Maxwell arrived with the ſaid Advice.

The 21ſt of June 9 Sail attempted to come into Amelia Sound, but the 18 Pounders from Fort William, and the Guard Schooner with 80 Men, commanded by Capt. Dunbar, fired ſo briſkly, that they ſheered off as faſt as they could. The General, on this Advice, reſolving to ſupport the Forts on Cumberland, ſet out with a Detachment of the Regiment on board his Boats, ſent Capt. Horton, with his Company of Grenadiers before, and was himſelf obliged to fight his Way with two Boats thro' 14 Sail of Spaniſh Veſſels, which endeavoured to intercept him in Cumberland Sound. In this Engagement ſeveral of the Spaniards being killed, the ſaid Veſſels ſet out to Sea, and did not join their Fleet till the Day before they left St. Simon's Sound. Lieut. Tolſon, who commanded the Boat of the greateſt Strength, inſtead of following the General, run into a Marſh, where he was till next Morning, and then returned to St. Simon's, for which Misbehaviour he was put in Arreſt, in order to be tried. Major Heron, from the Shore, ſeeing the General ſurrounded by the Enemy, and hid in Smoak, concluded him loſt; but next Day, to the great Joy of the People, he returned in the Guard Schooner to St. Simon's, after having withdrawn the Command from St. Andrew's, and the Stores and Artillery that were there, and reinforced Fort William, where he left one of the Boats he had with him.

He having laid an Embargo on all the Veſſels in the Harbour, took Capt. Thomſon's Ship, which mounted 20 Guns, into the King's Service, and manned her out of the ſmall Veſſels which were of no Force; he alſo called in the Highland Company from Darien, Capt. Carr's Company of Marines, and the Rangers from where they were differently detached, and ſent Mr. Mullryne to Carolina to get all the Men he could.

The 28th of June the Spaniſh Fleet came to Anchor off St. Simon's Bar, who were diverted from coming in or landing any of their Troops for ſeveral Days, in which time the General raiſed another Troop of Rangers, and by rewarding thoſe who did extraordinary Duty, and promiſing great Encouragement to all who ſhould ſignalize themſelves on this Occaſion, he kept up the Spirits of the People, and encreaſed their Numbers daily.

The 5th of July, with the Tide of Flood, and a brisk Gale, 36 Sail of Spaniſh Veſſels entered St. Simon's Harbour, nine of which were large Topmaſt Veſſels; we received them with a briſk Fire from our Batteries and Ships, hulled ſeveral of them with our 18 Pounders from the Fort, and our four Pounders from the lower Battery. The Spaniſh Commodore on board a Ship of 22 Guns, with a Settee with an 18 Pounder, and two nine Pounders in her Bow, attempted to board Capt. Thomſon's Ship, but he with his great Guns, Capt. Carr with his Company of Marines, and Lieut. Wall, and Enſign Oterbridge, with a Party of the Regiment, made ſo brave a Defence, that the Spaniards were obliged to retire with Loſs. A Snow of 16 Carriage Guns at the ſame time attempted to board our Guard Schooner, but was alſo repulſed by Capt. Dunbar. The Engagement laſted upwards of three Hours, in which Engagement the Enemy loſt 17 Men, and had 10 wounded: They paſſed all our Veſſels and proceeded up the River, on which the General held a Council of War at the Head of his Regiment, where it was the Opinion of the Whole immediately to march up to Frederica for the Defence of that Place. The General accordingly gave Orders for the Regiment to march, and ordered all the Troops that were on board the Veſſels to come aſhore, and directed Capt. Thomſon with the Guard Schooner and Prize Sloop, to make the beſt of their Way to Charles Town; and this was all done in Sight of the Enemy.

The General, during this Action, being obliged to be ſometimes on Shipboard, ſometimes at the Batteries, and to act as Engineer, found himſelf under a Neceſſity of having a Lieutenant-Colonel with the Regiment; he therefore appointed Major Alexander Heron Lieutenant-Colonel, in the Abſence of Lieut. Col. Cook, who was alſo Engineer, and whoſe Sub-Engineer having attended him to Charles-Town, was alſo abſent. Late at Night the General arrived at Frederica, after having deſtroyed all the Stores at St. Simon's, and ſunk the Veſſels that might be of uſe to the Enemy, and rendered the Guns incapable of Service, and ordered the Wounded to be carried off on Horſeback. That Night the Enemy landed their Forces on a dry Marſh about a Mile and a half from the Camp, under cover of their great Guns. They lay all that Night under Arms, and the next Morning took Poſſeſſion of the Camp which we left. About Noon the Creek Indians brought us five Spaniſh Priſoners, from whom we had Intelligence, that Don Manuel de Montemano, Governor of St. Auguſtine, commanded in Chief the Expedition; And that Major General Antonio de Rodondo, chief Engineer, and two Brigadiers, came with the Forces from Cuba: That their whole Number conſiſted of about 5000, and that the Night before they had landed about 4300 Men; one of the Priſoners the General ſent with Mr. Bedon to Charles-Town.

The 7th of July, about nine in the Morning a Ranger of the Patrole brought an Account, that the Enemy were marching within a Mile and half of the Town; whereupon the General immediately ordered four Platoons of the Regiment to march, and in the mean Time went himſelf with the Highland Company, who were then under Arms. The Indians and a Party of Rangers came up with the Enemy about a Mile from the Town, as they were entering the Savannah, to take Poſſeſſion of a Ditch they had a Mind to uſe as an Intrenchment, but the Enemy were attacked ſo briſkly, that the General ſoon overcame them; moſt of their Party, which conſiſted of 120 of their beſt Woodſmen and 40 Indians, being either killed or taken Priſoners. The General took two Priſoners with his own Hands. Lieutenant Scroggs of the Rangers took Capt. Sebaſtian Sachio Priſoner, who commanded the Party. Tooanohowi being ſhot thro' his right Arm by Capt. Mageleto, drew his Piſtol with the left and ſhot him thro' the Head. The General purſued the Enemy near two Miles, and halted on an advantageous Piece of Ground until the Party of the Regiment came up: He poſted them with the Highlanders in a Wood with a large Savannah or Meadow in their Front, over which the Spaniards muſt paſs in their Way to Frederica; after which he haſtned back to Frederica, and ordered the Rangers and Company of Boatmen to make ready. In the mean time two Companies of Grenadiers of 50 Men each, and 200 more of the Enemy's beſt Troops came up with Shouts and Drums beating. Whereupon the General hearing Platoons firing, immediately made Haſte that way, and met three of the Platoons, who in the Smoak and drizling Rain had retreated in Diſorder; and the Fire continuing, he ordered his Men to rally and follow him, who haſtening on, found that Lieut. Sutherland with his Platoon, and Lieut. Charles Mackay with the Highlanders, had entirely defeated the ſaid 300 of the Enemy. In which Action Don Antonio Barba was made Priſoner, and mortally wounded; ſeveral others were killed, and two Grenadiers were taken Priſoners. Capt. Demeret and Enſign Gibbon rallied their Platoons, and came up to the Ground. Capt. Carr with his Company of Marines, and Lieut. Cadogan with a Party of the Regiment, came up at the ſame time, and were followed by Major Heron with the Body of the Regiment. In both Actions the Enemy loſt two Captains, one Lieutenant, two Serjeants, two Drums, and about 160 private Men; and one Captain and 19 Men were taken Priſoners. The General with the Regiment halted all Night about a Mile and a half from the Enemy's Camp, to intercept thoſe who had ſtraggled in the Woods, and expecting the Enemy to make a ſecond Attempt to march in the Morning.

But

But the General having advanced with a Party of Indians before Day-break towards the Spaniſh Camp, found them all retreated into the Ruins of the Fort, and under Cover of their Cannon. Next Morning, the 8th of July, the General and his Men returned to Frederica, and he appointed a General Staff, viz. Lieutenants Primroſe, Maxwell, and Hugh Mackay, Aids de Camp; Lieutenant Sutherland, Brigade Major; and Serjeant John Stewart, ſecond Enſign, for his brave Behaviour in the laſt Engagement.

The 9th and 10th of July, all Hands were employed in the Works at Frederica, and the Indians brought us in ſome Scalps and Priſoners.

The 11th of July, a Sette and two Quarter Galleys came within Gun-ſhot of the Town; but, on our firing ſome Guns and Bombs from the Fort, and the General going towards them with his Boats, they returned to their Fleet, and, with the reſt, drew up in Line of Battle. The next Morning, being the 12th of July, an Engliſh Priſoner eſcaped from them, who informed us, that the Enemy on their Landing had reſolved to give no Quarter; but from the Day their Grenadiers were defeated, they were in great Terror, and intrenched themſelves, and given Orders that no one ſhould go without their Centinels for fear of being ſurprized by the Indians.

By other Priſoners and Deſerters we are alſo told, that on calling over their Rolls, there were 240 Men and 19 of their Indians miſſing; that there were great Diviſions among them, inſomuch that Don Antonio de Rodondo, who commanded the Cuba Forces, encamped ſeparate from thoſe of Auguſtine, and that the Commodore had ordered all his Seamen on board. That Night the General and 500 Men marched within a Mile of the Enemy's Camp, intending to ſurprize them, but was prevented by the Treachery of a Frenchman, who was got among the Company of Boatmen, and fired his Piece, and gave Alarm to the Enemy, and then deſerted to them. When the General found his Intention diſcovered to the Enemy, he ordred all his Drums to beat the Grenadiers March, and then returned to Frederica. The General the next Day, being the 13th of July, in order to defeat the Informations of the French Deſerter, directed a Letter to be wrote and ſent by a Spaniſh Priſoner, who for the ſake of Money the General gave him, and the Promiſe of Liberty, undertook to deliver it to the ſaid Frenchman, wherein he was inſtructed to acquaint the Enemy's Commanding Officer of the defenceleſs State of Frederica, and encourage them to come up by Water under his Pilotage. Which Letter the Spaniſh Priſoner delivered to the Governor of Auguſtine, and it had ſo good an Effect, that the ſaid Frenchman was immediately taken into Cuſtody, and look'd upon as a double Spy, and thereupon put into Irons. The next Morning, being the 14th of July, the Spaniards burned the Barracks and Officers Houſes at St. Simon's, and Capt. Horton's Houſe on Jekyll, and the ſame Night they reimbarked with ſo much Precipitation, that they left a Quantity of Ammunition, Proviſions, and ſome Guns behind them.

The 15th of July, all the large Veſſels, with the Cuba Forces on board, ſailed to the Southward; and the Governor and Troops from Auguſtine, on board the ſmall Craft, went within Land, and encamped in St. Andrews, and caught fifty Horſes, with a Deſign to carry them away; but on the General's appearing in his Boats, the Enemy ſhot the ſaid Horſes, and burnt the Fort and Houſes at St. Andrews.

The General next Day, being the 16th of July, followed the Spaniards with all his ſmall Craft, but was not ſtrong enough to attack them. He landed a Man out of his Boat on Cumberland, who that Night paſſed the Enemy's Camp, and early the next Morning came to Fort William with Advice to Enſign Stewart, that the Spaniards were beat off St. Simons, and that the General was coming with Succours, and ordered him to defend the Fort to the utmoſt.

The 18th of July, 28 Sail of Spaniſh Veſſels appear'd off Fort William, 14 of which came within Land, and attacked the Fort from their Galleys and other Veſſels, and attempted to land, but were repulſed by a Party of Rangers from behind the Sand Hills. Enſign Steward, who commanded with 60 Men in the Fort, defended it ſo bravely, that after an Attack of upwards of three Hours, they were obliged to put to Sea with conſiderable Loſs. The 18 Pounders there diſabled two of their Galleys.

The 19th of July, the General was on his Way to Fort William.

The 20th of July, the General arrived at Fort William, and ſent his Boats and Rangers as far as the River St. John, who returned the next Day, being the 21ſt of July, and brought Advice, that the Enemy was quite gone; upon which the General gave neceſſary Orders for the repairing Fort William, and on the 22d return'd to Frederica. A few Days afterwards the Men of War from Charles-Town came off St. Simon's Bar; and Capt. Thomſon, with ſome Voluntiers from Carolina, our Guard Schooner, and two Galleys, came into St. Simon's Harbour; and Capt. Hardy of the Rye Man of War, receiving a Meſſage from the General by Lieut. Maxwell who went on board him, ſent for Anſwer, That he would take a Cruize with the reſt of the King's Ships.

But the General apprehending the Spaniards, upon recovering their Fright, might return with more Courage and better Conduct, continued Capt. Thomſon's Ship in the King's Service, and ſent Expreſſes over Land to the Northern Provinces on this Occaſion.

A Liſt of ſome of the Spaniſh Forces employed in the Invaſion of Georgia, under the Command of

Don Manuel de Monteano, Governor of Auguſtine, Commander in Chief of the Expedition.

Major-General Antonio de Rodondo, Engineer-General.

Two Colonels, with Brevits of Brigadiers.

One Regiment of Dragoons diſmounted, with their Saddles and Bridles.

The Regiment call'd the Battallion of the Havannah, 10 Companies of 50 Men each, draughted off from ſeveral Regiments in Havannah.

One Regiment of the Havannah Militia, conſiſting of 10 Companies of 100 Men each.

One Regiment of Negroes, regularly officer'd by Negroes.

One Ditto of Mullattas, and one Company of 100 Miquelets.

One Company of the Train with proper Artillery.

Auguſtine Forces, conſiſting of about 300 Men.

Ninety Indians.

And 15 Negroes who run away from South-Carolina.

Whitehall, Dec. 25. On the 7th Inſt. in the Lat. of 49---40. Scilly bearidg E. half N. Diſtance 63 Leagues, his Majeſty's Ship the Bridgewater, commanded by Capt. Rogers, fell in with a Spaniſh Privateer at half an Hour paſt Nine o'Clock in the Forenoon, which being to Windward, bore down upon the Bridgewater. Capt. Rogers kept cloſe upon a Wind, under double reeft Topſails and Courſes. At Eleven o'Clock the Privateer hoiſted an Engliſh Enſign, and fired a Shot at the Bridgewater; whereupon Capt. Rogers hoiſted a Dutch Enſign, haul'd up his Mainſail, and buck'd his Maintopſail; but finding ſoon after that the Privateer made Sail from him, he haul'd down the Dutch Enſign, and hoiſted Engliſh Colours, and gave her a Broadſide; upon this the Privateer took down her Engliſh Enſign, hoiſted Spaniſh, and made all poſſible Sail from the Bridgewater, and fir'd her Stern Chaſe Guns. Capt. Rogers crouded Sail after her, and ply'd her with his Bow Chaſe Guns till Three in the Afternoon, when he came up with her, and gave her another Broadſide, which ſhe returned; but Capt. Rogers then finding that ſhe ſhot from him, deferr'd firing any more till he came cloſe up with her. About Nine, being cloſe under her Lee Quarter, he gave her another Broadſide and Small Arms, upon which ſhe called for Quarter, and Capt. Rogers has brought her into Plymouth. She is call'd the Santa la Rita, alias, El Neptuno, carried 140 Men, with 18 Carriage and 8 Swivel Guns, and came out of Bilboa a few Days before ſhe was taken.

The Roſe Man of War, Capt. Franklin, on the Carolina Station has taken, and carried into Charles-Town, a large Spaniſh Privateer of 30 Guns, and 300 Men.

Saturday laſt being Chriſtmas-Day; and Yeſterday being the firſt Sunday after Chriſtmas, the ſame were obſerved at Court as high Feſtivals.

John Mordaunt, Eſq; is appointed Colonel of the Royal Regiment of Foot of Ireland late General Armſtrong's, deceas'd; and James Cholmondely, Eſq; is appointed Colonel of the Regiment of Foot, lately commanded by Lord James Cavendiſh, deceas'd.

Saturday laſt died Mr. Shere, Brother to Mr. Shere, an eminent Goldſmith in Lombard-ſtreet.

On Friday laſt a Peruke-maker near the Dog and Duck in Princeſs-ſtreet, Bedford-Row, was ſuddenly taken ill in the Street, dropt down, and died immediately.

On Saturday laſt died at his Father's Houſe in Scotland-yard, Mr. D'Avenant, one of the Clerks in the Long-room in the Cuſtom-houſe, and Son of Col. Rob. D'Avenant, Clerk of the Spicery to his Majeſty.

BANKRUPTS.

William Hull, of St. Mary at Hill, London, Packer.

Robert Robinſon, late of Wigan, in the County Palatine of Lancaſter, Chapman.

Michael Boſhar, of St. Mary le Strand, in the County of Middleſex, Lime Merchant.

William Robinſon, late of the City of Lincoln, Boatman and Chapman.

John Pindlebury, of Princes-ſteeet, near Stocks-Market, London, Merchant.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	11	06	Evening 11 44

Bank Stock, 142 3-8ths to 3-4ths. India, [illegible] done. South Sea, 111 3-4ths. Old Annuities, [illegible] 1-8th. New ditto, Books ſhut. Three per Cent. [illegible] nuities, Books ſhut. Seven per Cent. Loan, [illegible] done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. [illegible] Aſſurance, Nothing done. London Aſſurance, [illegible] 8ths. India Bonds, 4l. 9s. to 8s. to 9s. Prem. [illegible] Bank Circulation, 3l. 12s. 6d. Prem. [illegible] Nothing done. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Bills, [illegible] ders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 98. [illegible] 116. Equivalent, Books ſhut.

General Poſt-Office, London, Dec. 27, [illegible]

WHereas *the Perſon employed by this Office to [illegible] of a large Canvas Bag, wherein were ſeveral Bags of Letters, with a Brafs Ticket or Label to each Bag, from the ſeveral Receiving-houſes in Weſtminſter, St. James's, &c. was on Saturday laſt (going to this Office) about Eight o'Clock in the Evening in the Poultry Compter, aſſaulted, bruiſed and knock'd down by a Perſon unknown, and the ſaid Canvas Bag, &c. taken off:*

This is therefore to acquaint the Publick, that if any Perſon or Perſons, who may have found the ſaid Canvas Bag, and the ſeveral Bags of Letters therein contained, will bring the ſame to this Office, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall receive a Guinea Reward; or if any Perſon or Perſons will diſcover in whoſe Cuſtody, or where the ſaid Canvas Bag and Letters, &c. may be heard of, ſuch Diſcoverer or Diſcoverers ſhall be entitled to the ſame Reward, for his Information [illegible]

By Command of the Poſtmaſter-General,

Geo. Shelvocke, [illegible]

On Monday the 31ſt of January, at Five in the Evening, will begin

A COURSE of ANATOMI, in which will be demonſtrated the Manner of performing the principal Operations in Surgery, and the Application of reſpective Bandages.

By W. BROMFIELD, Surgeon,

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HOLY STATE of WEDLOCK:

AND

Reminding all thoſe who *have* entr'd into it, of their reſpective DUTIES

Extracted from the *Sacred Scriptures*, and from the *Matrimonial Office* in the Book of Common Prayer,

As a proper PRESENT to be made by the Married Contracting Parties at their Marriage; or to their Friends married, by Either to the Other;

In order, if they think fit, to be always carried about them, or, to be put in a Frame, and hung up in the Parlour, private Cloſet, and in the Lady's Dreſſing-room, as a Glaſs.

He that getteth a Wife, beginneth a Poſſeſſion, like unto himſelf, and a Pillar of his Eccles. [illegible]

Printed for J. RIVINGTON, in St. Paul's Church-Yard.

☞ It may be ſent conveniently to any Part of the Country.

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N. B. In this Work will be contained all the [illegible] Chymical, and Anatomical Treatiſes diſperſ'd in the [illegible] of the Academy of Sciences, and large Commentaries on the Phyſiological, Therapeutical, Chymical, and Chirurgical Works of BOERHAAVE, particularly upon his Aphoriſms, where his Method of Cure will be compar'd with that of HIPPOCRATES, particularly with Reſpect to *Acute Diſeaſes*.

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